

# The Enterprise.

GREENVILLE, S. C.  
WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1870.

### A Good Printing Press for Sale.

WE offer for sale a good PRINTING HAND PRESS, which is in excellent order. The size of the bed is 25-27 inches, and turns out as good work as can be desired. A bargain is offered to a cash purchaser. Address this Office.

### The Convention on the 15th June—Should Greenville Send Delegates?

It seems that there will be a Convention of the people of this State held in Columbia on the 15th day of June next, for consultation as to the best means of promoting the general welfare of all classes of the people, white and black, rich and poor. The general election for Governor and other State officers and for Representatives to the Legislature, comes on next fall. It is certainly exceedingly important that every citizen of the State should take an active interest in those elections. We should endeavor, without regard to old parties, to get the best men to look after the interest of all. The mass of the people are not interested in office-holders, and should not permit that class to keep the State and use the State merely for their own private advantages, as has hitherto been too much the case. We need an honest Government; but a government conducted in the interest of office-holders, and salaried officials, and money-seeking rings, and the speculating class, will ruin the State if not checked. The right of suffrage is a great privilege, but if the voters are used as mere tools for party men and office-seekers, they might as well not have the right to vote. We hope there will be sense enough found in the voters of every County to select honest men for Representatives; they are not going to do so, however, if they blindly follow the dictation of party leaders.

We think it important that the Convention should be represented in the Convention in Columbia. Good may come of it if prudent men are selected as delegates. The people will not be absolutely bound to adopt every measure recommended, but it is most likely that there will be a general agreement in the policy to be pursued. It is not to be either a Democratic or Republican meeting, but a meeting of all who desire to reform the State Government, and to repeal some oppressive laws that are especially calculated to destroy the poorer classes and to hinder immigration. There are provisions in the Code that are exceedingly outrageous, and the whole thing should be repealed, and only a few simple enactments to comply with the Constitution, substituted in its place. The Homestead Law needs perfecting by some friendly hand. The most material alterations of the old laws of South Carolina, has been made, it would seem, merely in the interest of lawyers, speculators and sharpers. It was a matter of rejoicing that imprisonment for debt was abolished by the new Constitution, but the Code restores it in an aggravated form after judgment is obtained. No poor man with a family can live who has the misfortune to have judgment go against him for debt; he may be arrested for contempt of court and kept in jail his life time if his health holds out, unless he satisfies his creditors by giving up every cent of his money and provisions for his family, and every little sum owing to him upon which his family might otherwise subsist, and this, too, whether he makes a fraudulent use of his means to avoid paying his debts, or honestly applies all he can spare from a bare sufficiency for actual subsistence. The new law of the State is far worse than the old insolvent law under which an unfortunate debtor might discharge himself of all his creditors when arrested, by *ca. sa.*, by making an assignment of his property and means *in toto*. But now Lawyer C. has had it so that a debtor, much involved, never can be discharged from owing creditors, but will be liable all his life to imprisonment in the jail, unless he surrenders, whenever called on, every five cents of his money, every debt, great or small, to his creditor. To be sure, Mr. C. does exempt two months wages only, for two months wages happen to be due when the debtor is proceeded against. Under such laws, if permanent, we need expect no immigration into this State of laborers from Europe or elsewhere, who expect to support their families; and every man not having a homestead that is in debt, will try and get away, unless tied to the State in a peculiar manner. Even the Homestead Law is so defective, that unlike that of Georgia and other States, families will have no encouragement to make permanent improvements on it.

We hope therefore that the State Convention will look into all these abuses of legislation and so develop them to the understandings of the people that they may be repealed or modified, so as to relieve the unfortunate majority of the population of the State from liability to oppression. The exclusion of the poor man from the benefit of the Supreme Court of the State has been noticed heretofore.

We hope there will be a good meeting of the people of this County next sale day, to consider these and various other abuses of the State government, high taxes, &c., and that the meeting may be attended by all classes, of all parties and colors, that want to see right and justice prevail in the land. What say the active movers of the Columbia Convention to a reform of laws for the benefit of the poor and unfortunate, as well as for the taxpayer. If you want the support of the masses, do something for them. But which of you, gentlemen of the Press Convention, ever advocated a good homestead law of exemption law, or the abrogation of the old barbarous imprisonment for debt, the protection of the property of married women, and the establishment of such laws on those subjects as California and the great States of the West generally possess, and which have gathered all the immigrants. All the States of Europe and nearly all of the United States have been ahead of the old dynasty of this State in the progress of improving the barbarism of the old debtor laws and the protection of the property of married women, securing homesteads, and other measures of enlightened policy. Who is concerning himself for a repeal of the oppressive and objectionable

### Our Greenville Paper Mill.

We are glad to have it in our power to explain to Messrs. JAMES BANISTER & SON, proprietors of the Greenville Paper Mill, who are now turning out a better article than ever of Printing Paper, they also manufacture colored and wrapping papers. These gentlemen deserve much praise for their energy and perseverance they have displayed in surmounting the many difficulties in their way, in preparing paper that would give satisfaction to the public. Upon taking charge of their establishment, it had but recently undergone one or more serious accidental fires, in which condition it required more than human efforts to do themselves, skilled and experienced mechanics as they are, justice. Not after industrious effort, by the addition of machinery, and the careful inspection and operation of the different departments of their Mill, they are now prepared to make Paper nearer approximating that manufactured by the best Northern mills. The Enterprise is now, and has been all the time, printed on their paper; and the lot which we last received shows the progress they have made. The body is more uniform in weight, and the sheets are cut alike in length—these are qualities which printers value no little. We think paper made of rags is better suited for a hand press than that made of straw. Those of our State exchanges who may not be supplying themselves from Messrs. BANISTER, have their attention called to the article we are now using, as well as to their card in another column.

### The Air-Line Railroad.

The City Council of Greenville have made arrangements for raising Fifty Thousand Dollars, and the County Commissioners for raising Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, so that Greenville is determined on filling up her quota of funds for securing the great work of the Air-Line Railroad. The resolutions of the County Commissioners, by which it will appear that an election or vote is called for from each township in the County, in order to determine whether the people of this County are called upon to vote in their respective townships on Saturday, the 25th of June next.

We call upon every man in the County to exert himself to get out a full vote of the people, so that the ratification of the subscription may be carried by an overwhelming vote. All are deeply interested in the property of the Air-Line Railroad, and the common laborer will get a dollar or two per day for the next year or two and ratios will be employed on the Road. The real estate of the landowner will rise in value, and the market for every thing made in the County will be improved, and permanently kept up. Real property will visit this whole section of country.

We have frequently urged the view that the parts of the County remote from the City are more interested, and will be really more benefited by having the Air-Line Road pass through this place, than have it pass through their own immediate section, for the simple and obvious reason that the City of Greenville will become a large and populous place, a market place in which to sell produce, and to buy supplies far cheaper than they can now be bought, as cheap in fact as they are now obtained in Augusta, Greenville and near New York, by a long distance, than Augusta, and thirty miles nearer Atlanta. There is no reason to prevent the County of Greenville and surrounding counties from having one of the best markets in the South, to sell and to buy in. Cotton is often sent from Columbia by railroad to New York, and Greenville will be about as near New York as Columbia. If the Air-Line Railroad was to pass either in the upper end or lower end of the County, there would then be no good market place on any city of accumulated capital, but merely way stations of little importance comparatively. It is thus obviously the interest of the citizens of this County of every section to favor the Air-Line Road, and to pass through this place, with one accord to sustain the subscription of the County Commissioners submitted to their approval. Whilst the City of Greenville subscribes a separate amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars, of course it will also pay a portion of the \$200,000 County subscription, as a tax-paying community. Now is the time if ever for Greenville to exhibit her spirit and enterprise, and common sense, and to give an interest, by a universal turn out for the Air-Line Railroad on Saturday the 25th of June.

### A New Society Formed in Greenville.

A new society has been formed in our City, which holds regular monthly meetings, has adopted a constitution, and by-laws, for its government. It is styled the "Greenville City Club," and has for its object the promotion of sociability and good feeling of its members; it likewise has in its constitution a clause guaranteeing the kind and cordial reception and entertainment of strangers visiting the City, who may be vouched for by any one of its members. The initiation fee is five dollars, monthly dues one dollar, and the membership is limited to thirty; and every new member must receive an unanimous vote. There are three officers—President, Vice President, and Secretary and Treasurer. The City Club has secured and fitted up the room located over the store now occupied by Messrs. FERGUSON & MILLER, one door below the old Court House. The room has been finished in good style, gas pipe introduced, tables, chairs, and other furniture furnished, all of which go to make the place pleasant and attractive. The society is also preparing to provide newspapers and periodicals, particularly those treating of news and political matters, for their entertainment.

The City Club, it will thus be seen, are engaged in very laudable objects, and our citizens all cannot fail to approve of the organization and wish it well; as we are all advocates of the exercise of good and jovial feeling among gentlemen.

Win—bring wine  
Flashing high with its gossamer divine,  
In the crystal depth of my soul to shine.  
It is a satisfaction to our citizens at large to know there is in their midst a society which takes upon itself the care and enjoyment of strangers. The people of Greenville have always been known for their hospitality to their friends from a distance, and it makes us proud to see that hospitality arriving at such a state of development.

The "City Club" is composed of some of the best citizens of Greenville, and its list of membership embraces men who will give it character and standing.

With the consent of the President, we annex the roll of those gentlemen who have been admitted to membership, as well as the officers elected for present year:

OFFICERS.  
Frank Cox, President.  
A. James, Vice President.  
W. L. Mauldin, Secretary and Treasurer.

MEMBERS.  
William Beattie, F. B. McBea,  
Hans Beatty, Y. B. McLean,  
John E. Battie, J. H. Marshall,  
P. Babcock, J. P. Moore,  
T. C. Cox, W. H. Perry,  
A. Blythe, H. M. Perry,  
C. A. Carson, S. A. Townes,  
W. K. Easley, J. T. Williams,  
W. E. Earle, G. G. Wells,  
Alex. McBea, Sr., T. Q. Donaldson.

### Remember the Festival To-night.

The ladies of the Presbyterian congregation have been very busy for the past few days, fixing up the Court House, ornamenting it with wreaths, festoons, &c., of evergreens, where their Festival will be held to-night. We know they are prepared for a handsome affair, which they think will please all who go to it. A good supper will be furnished, besides ice cream, strawberries, &c., &c. A considerable sum of money they are anxious to raise, therefore, for a well patronized. A social treat awaits all.

### Chop Wheat Threshing.

Messrs. JAMES BANISTER & SON advertise that they will Thrash Wheat, if delivered at their mill, for the straw only, taking no toll of the grain. This is reasonable, and should cause all of their neighbors to say "good as wheat."

### Storm of Wind.

On Thursday evening last, about night fall, this place was visited by a gale of wind, which was very strong, continuing ten or fifteen minutes. Several trees and small chimneys were blown over, the branches taken from the trees were numerous. A very large oak standing in the yard of Mr. Pather, near the warehouse of Messrs. David & S. Stradley, was uprooted, falling on a small building near by, crushing it nearly to the ground, making it a ruin. We have not heard of this gale extending into the country.

### Rain.

A rain fell on Monday night last, which was very heavy, it has wet the earth thoroughly. We have heard that it extended fifteen miles below here as well as for a considerable distance into our neighboring County of Pickens. We hope that the rain has been general, as it was much needed.

### Old John Robinson's Circus.

The Circus will exhibit here on Thursday, 23 June, one time only, at 1, P. M. Those who attend amusements of this kind, the little boys and girls particularly, should have their money ready.

It will not stop at Batesville, as published in our last issue, but will proceed from here to Reidville.

### Buggy Broken.

Whilst a couple of colored men were crossing the River in a buggy, at the upper ford, on Sunday last, (the congregations from the Churches were then returning home,) the horse became unmanageable in the water, and getting entangled in the harness, could not be extricated before he sank, and one of the shavers, the occupants of the vehicle were compelled to jump into the water and wade out.

### Moses Goldsmith & Sons, Charleston.

These gentlemen are offering dry, salted, and fished Hides at reduced rates, and inform the tanners of this section of the fact. See their notice elsewhere.

### Democracy in New York.

The State of New York has just given eighty-eight thousand majority for the Democracy in party in a general vote for certain State officers.

### We clip the following items from the Columbia Guardian of Sunday:

Arrest—One Monday has been arrested by officer Coates, as an accomplice in the late robbery of the bank of South Williams & Co., and was yesterday lodged in jail here.

Sampson, the Forger.—We understand that this adroit scoundrel, who has been released from custody on \$5,000 bail, has departed the State; and there is now but little prospect of his being brought to account for his great crime.

### ELEVATED RAILWAY IN NEW YORK.

The passenger cars and freight cars with six tons of pig iron fell from the elevated track. No one was seriously hurt. The accident was caused by a fall in one of the connecting rods of an engine, which was badly wrecked and the entire span of the track over Hudson street is destroyed.

### Expedition of three hundred men, all Cuban except five American captains, left New York on Sunday last, for the purpose of carrying out the expedition to Santo Domingo. They carried seven thousand rifles, six large guns, uniforms, equipments, powder, &c. Fifty persons just arrived from Birmingham by railroad, were arrested in London on Sunday. They had plenty of money and were well armed with revolvers. They were supposed to be Spaniards and there was much excitement. CONGRESSMAN PERCY, of the Fifth District of Mississippi, has appointed a colored boy cadet at West Point. His name is Michael Howard, and he is a son of a representative in the present State Legislature. The Jackson Pilot says he is an exceedingly bright and intelligent young man. It seems probable that the next class at West Point will contain several colored cadets. Three or four Congressmen announce their intention of appointing colored boys. The town of Pleasanton, Va., has met with a terrible disaster, a fire, which destroyed nearly \$400,000 worth of property. Many of the inhabitants have been deprived of their homes, and are without food or money. Between forty and fifty stores and dwelling houses were burned, and a great many out-houses. There is not left in the town one store, office, or business house of any kind, except that a mill, a tannery and a blacksmith shop on the suburbs remain, and in fact, all that is left at present the business capital of Pleasanton.

### Accident.

On Friday morning last, an accident occurred, by which one of our citizens was slightly injured and painfully inconvenienced. Whilst Mr. B. WHEELER, Jeweler, was doing a job of soldering, the lamp which he was using which contained alcohol, by means whereof the solder was being melted, the top of the lamp very suddenly blew off, throwing the lighted liquid into his face and over a portion of his clothes; he succeeded very soon in extinguishing the flames, but not until receiving injuries about his eyes and on his cheeks which will confine him to his room for a week or so. Mr. W. may congratulate himself that the accident was not more serious in its character.

### Sent to the Penitentiary.

On yesterday morning, Sheriff VICKERS took the cars for Columbia with five prisoners, recently sentenced to serve a term each in that State institution, viz: PERRY HODGES, convicted of grand larceny—one year; ANTHONY STEWART, convicted of petit larceny—one year; and GILBERT MITCHELL, CHARLES MOORE, NELSON JENKINS, convicted of arson, two cases—twenty five years. All of these are colored, and it is hoped they will safely reach their destination.

### Just the Things You Want.

Read the advertisement of Messrs. DAVID & STRADLEY, and see if they do not advertise the very articles you are every day needing; and if you will go and purchase of them you will not regret it, but be glad at the low price paid and the good articles received. We know whereof we speak. Every body knows where the store is, therefore it is needless to point out the place.

### An Awful Accident and Horrid Death.

The Savannah News has received the following particulars of a dreadful accident, resulting in the loss of life of Mr. James H. Butler, near Edinburg, in Edinburg County:

"Mr. Butler, on Wednesday morning, while adjusting a belt near the circular saw, was thrown or fell from his position upon the saw, which was in full motion at the time. His right arm and right leg were cut off, and he was thrown into the immediate surgical aid, he died about six hours after the accident. Mr. Butler was identified with the mechanical interests of Savannah. He was aged forty years, and leaves a family consisting of a wife and four children."

Emigration has tended to the West, because it sought a free society. South Carolina is now free, and if her people exhibit no contempt for the emigrants that come among them, the tide will turn heavily that way. In the far North six months of severe winter, and in the far West a long and arduous winter. Probation is the lot of the firm, consumption of the last. The winter of South Carolina is hardly a month in length, and the farmer actually has eleven months for productive labor, if, indeed, he does not have the best of the world. With such an advantage as this, intelligent emigration must look to the uncultivated lands of the seaboard States before passing over them for the fertile States of the interior. A vigorous push and a kindly temper on the part of the South will bring immigrants there.

A VERY UNCOMMON DROUGHT—It is now thirty four or five days since we have had rain in this section, and it is not to be taken, pretty much the same thing may be said of our entire District. A drought like this, so early in the season, is something unprecedented among us. And during most of this time the nights have been decidedly cool, often cold in fact, while high winds have prevailed steadily. Cotton and corn are having a decidedly bad time of it, and the farmers are gloomy and despondent. Reliable gardeners too have had their crops of corn and wheat, &c., &c., three days, however, have been warmer, in fact some what sultry, betokening—although there are but few clouds—the approach of rain. Let us hope that the present drought will end very speedily, and that it will be the only one this summer.

Edinburg Advertiser.

### THE YORVILLE ENQUIRER

The Yorkville Enquirer is thus humorous concerning the excitement in York, over the Air-Line Railroad between Charlotte and Atlanta:

A special telegram per grape vine, to the Enquirer, has just been received from the State of Georgia, that a new colored member residence on the Yang See Kiang. He says:

"A rumor has reached me, to the effect that there is going to be an Air-Line Railroad in York county. Let me know immediately if there is any truth in a report, as I have a choice lot of 3,275 Chinese on hand, who have heard it, and are anxious to start for York at once. They are all single men, willing to marry in the country and spend their wages at the nearest place, provided they are employed. The Air-Line, at this season a day and full rations of rates and rice."

SUDDEN DEATH OF A SOUTH CAROLIAN.—The Richmond (Va.) Enquirer relates that a gentleman named John L. Humphreys, a native of Anderson, S. C., died on Saturday night at the infirmary of the Medical College of Charleston. He was a young man, just arrived in town recently from New York, and registered himself at the Spotswood Hotel, presenting a card which indicated that he was connected with the firm of Eldridge, Dunham & Co., dry goods merchants, No. 240 Broadway, New York. It is supposed he was acting as their agent. Becoming very much indisposed, Mr. Luck, of the Spotswood, deemed it advisable to place Mr. Humphreys in the College Infirmary, which was done Saturday night the attending physician, Dr. J. M. Smith, arrived in town recently from New York, and found him lying on the floor dead.

### THE LADIES OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

propose to give a STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL, IN THE COURT HOUSE, ON WEDNESDAY, DAY, 25TH INST., 8 O'CLOCK, P. M. They hope to be able to supply all with Supper—Oysters, Strawberries, Ice Creams, Iced Lemonade, &c. &c. ADMISSION—Adults, 25 cents. CHILDREN, (under 12 years), 15 cents. SUPPER—Adults, 50 cents. CHILDREN, (under 12 years), 25 cents. May 15

### ENTERPRISE PRICES CURRENT.

COLLECTED WEEKLY BY MESSRS. DAVID & STRADLEY, MERCHANTS.

GREENVILLE, S. C., MAY 24, 1870.

BACON—Side, @ 22 1/2; Hams, @ 25; Shoulders, @ 18; BALE ROPE, @ 10; CATTING, heavy, @ 25; BURLING, @ 20; BUR LAPS, @ 15; BUTTER, @ 20; BEESWAX, @ 30; CHEESE, @ 25; COFFEE, @ 25; CORN, @ 15; COTTON, Middling, @ 19; COTTON, @ sack, @ 18; GOLD, @ 110; INDIAN, Spanish, @ 25; IRON, @ 20; IRON TIES, @ 20; LEAD, @ 20; LEATHER, @ 20; MOLASSES, @ 60; NAILS, @ 70; RYE, @ 50; SALT, @ sack, @ 20; SUGAR, @ 20; YARN, Factory, @ 15; YARN, @ bale, @ 15

### LATEST QUOTATIONS OF SOUTHERN SECURITIES, IN CHARLESTON, S. C.

Corrected Weekly for the ENTERPRISE, BY A. C. KAUFMAN, BROKER, No. 25 Broad Street.

MAY 20, 1870.

State Securities—South Carolina, old 88; do, new 80; do, registered, 80

City Securities—Augusta, Ga. Bonds, 79; Charleston, S. C. Stock, @ 100; Charleston, S. C. Fire Loan Bonds, @ 76; Columbia, S. C. Bonds, @ 70; Railroad Bonds—Blue Ridge, (first mortg.) @ 90; Charlotte and Augusta, @ 87; Cheraw and Darlington, @ 83; Greenville and Columbia, (1st mortg) @ 80; do, (State guaranteed) @ 75; Northwestern, past due, with int., @ 80; Northwestern, @ 80; Savannah and Charleston, (1st mortg) @ 80; do, (State guaranteed) @ 75; Spartanburg and Union, @ 73; do, @ 73; Spartanburg and Union, @ 73; do, @ 73

Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Bank of Newberry, @ 100; Bank of Camden, @ 100; Bank of Georgetown, @ 100; Bank of South Carolina, @ 100; Bank of Chester, @ 100; Bank of Hamburg, @ 100; Bank of State of S. C., prior to 1861, @ 100; Bank of State of S. C., issue 1861-62, @ 100; Planters and Mechanics' Bank of Charleston, @ 100; People's Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Southwestern R. R. Bank of Charleston, (old), @ 100; Southwestern R. R. Bank of Charleston, (new), @ 100; State Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Farmers and Exchange Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Exchange Bank of Columbia, @ 100; Commercial Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Merchants' Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Planters' Bank of Fairfield, @ 100; State of South Carolina, 1861 R., @ 100; State of South Carolina, 1861-62, @ 100; City of Charleston Change Bill, @ 100

\*Bills marked thus (\*) are being redeemed at the Bank Counters of each.

### AT AUCTION.

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS AND HARDWARE, ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1ST, AND every day after small sale, at the South-west corner of Court House square, ASHMEYER'S OLD STAND, a lot of Groceries, Dry Goods and Hardware, to close—Consisting in part of DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS, COLLARS, JEWELRY, SPADES, OYSTERS, POISONS, CROCKERY, &c. &c. And by order of the Court, 2 BBL. BROWN SUGAR, 1 BBL. WHITE SUGAR, 1 BOX CANDLES, 1 BBL. RICE, BOXES SOAP. The sale will be positive, and parties can rely on purchasing bargains.

JULIUS C. SMITH, AUCTIONEER.

May 25

### Wheat Threshing.

THE UNDERSIGNED are now prepared to THRASH WHEAT, RYE AND OATS, AT THEIR PAPER MILL, HAVING AN EXCELLENT MACHINERY FOR THE PURPOSE, With despatch and in a manner surpassed by no one, the only TOLL CHARGED will be the MILLAR.

Bring along your grain.

J. BANISTER & SON, Greenville Paper Mill, May 24th, 1870.

May 25

### GREAT REDUCTION IN HIDES.

To the Tanners. WE ARE OFFERING OUR STOCK OF DRY, SALTED AND FISHED HIDES AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Heavy Salted, Dry, 14 cents  
Light Salted, Dry, 14 cents  
Kip Salted, Dry, 18 cents  
Flint Salted, Dry, 22 cents  
Calves Salted, Dry, 21.25 cents

M. GOLDSMITH & SONS, Greenville, S. C.

May 25

### LIFE INSURANCE.

SOUTH CAROLINA GENERAL AGENCY FIDELITY AND ARLINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA, APRIL 23d, 1870.

CAPT. SAM'L D. SHANNON, of Camden, has been appointed SUPERINTENDENT OF AGENCIES for South Carolina and South Georgia, vice Capt. G. O. LAKE, resigned. Parties desiring Agencies, will address him at Augusta, Georgia.

Leapheart, Jefferson & Ransom, General Agents South Carolina. JEFFERSON & RANSON, Gen'l Agents So. Ca. and Georgia.

May 25

### GREENVILLE PAPER MILLS.

J. Bannister & Son, MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF BOOK, NEWS, WRAPPING AND Colored PAPERS. HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR Clean Cotton or Linner BAGS.

May 25

### PRODIGIOUS EXCITEMENT!

IMMENSE Sacrifice of Property. TO SEE IS TO BELIEVE! AT CARR'S OLD STAND. HAVING OPENED THE LARGEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, SHIRTS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, And a great many articles too numerous to mention, all Purchased at the TUMBLING DOWN PRICES FOR CASH. We intend to let them slide at such astonishingly LOW FIGURES As to astound the NATURES. Times are Hard, Money Scarce, and the PEOPLE POOR, And we intend to BELIEVE their HEAVY BURDENS By offering GOODS TO GREAT BARGAINS. As now is the time to Secure the GREATEST BARGAINS. Near Offered in this country. H. C. MARK. Particular attention paid, and Liberal Discounts allowed to Wholesale Buyers. Greenville, S. C. 17th May, 1870.

May 25

### AT AUCTION.

GREAT FORTUNES.—Great fortunes are not easily acquired in these days of sharp competition and base treachery. Even when they are acquired, they too often find the possessor a mere wreck, having made a drug and slave of himself in toiling incessantly for that which is permitted to hold for a few brief months before he is laid away in the grave. One must confess, that in the view of the case, the GREAT HENDERSON COUNTY PRIZE SCHEM was a powerful attraction for the most staid. Here are great fortunes, to be won without haggard toil, and the whole secured by a legal charter, and in the hands of men of the most undoubted integrity.

"To tell our own secrets is folly, to divulge those of others is treachery." To keep to ourselves the knowledge of the good effects of SUMNER BITTERS is an injustice to the afflicted.

### OBITUARY.

DIED, at his home on the 15th inst., BENJAMIN HOLLAND, at the advanced age of 70 years. The deceased was a native of this County, and during all his long and useful life, he enjoyed the confidence and esteem of a large circle of friends and numerous relatives, even to his death he remained firm amidst the fiercest religious or political excitement. His honest firmness in his principles, commanded alike the esteem and admiration of those who were his associates in political upheavals of the country for the last half century, he never once swerved from his devotion to the union of the States. Few men have ever lived who were more patriotic in their devotion to the American Union than Benjamin Holland. While friends and relatives mourn his loss, it is consoling to know, that after he had lived out his three score years and ten, in a world of delusions, that still above the gloom of the grave shines the light of a pure and honest life.

He has gone from this strange world of ours, to no more to gather his mortal particles in that dreary land where sublimas must fade. Where on all beauty death's fingers are laid—Weary with mingling life's bitter and sweet, Weary with parting an ever to stir of things, Weary with weeping and never to reap, Weary with labor and welcoming sleep; In Christ may be rest from sorrow and sin, Happy where earth's conflicts enter not in.

May 22, 1870.

MARRIED, on the 17th of May, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. George F. Round, Mr. W. T. McDONALD, of Abbeville, to Miss BETTIE V. RUTLEDGE, of Greenville.

Accompanying the above notice, we received a handsome share of bridal cake, by which we are enabled to accept our thanks. May they live long and enjoy each other's richest blessings.

We are authorized to announce EDWARD F. STOKES, of Greenville, a Candidate for Congress in the present year, for the Congressional District, in the Congress of the United States, at the ensuing election in October next.

PRINCIPLES DEMOCRATIC.

May 25th, 1870.

### STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.

THE LADIES OF THE PRESBYTERIAN Church propose to give a STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL, IN THE COURT HOUSE, ON WEDNESDAY, DAY, 25TH INST., 8 O'CLOCK, P. M. They hope to be able to supply all with Supper—Oysters, Strawberries, Ice Creams, Iced Lemonade, &c. &c. ADMISSION—Adults, 25 cents. CHILDREN, (under 12 years), 15 cents. SUPPER—Adults, 50 cents. CHILDREN, (under 12 years), 25 cents. May 15

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COLLECTED WEEKLY BY MESSRS. DAVID & STRADLEY, MERCHANTS.

GREENVILLE, S. C., MAY 24, 1870.

BACON—Side, @ 22 1/2; Hams, @ 25; Shoulders, @ 18; BALE ROPE, @ 10; CATTING, heavy, @ 25; BURLING, @ 20; BUR LAPS, @ 15; BUTTER, @ 20; BEESWAX, @ 30; CHEESE, @ 25; COFFEE, @ 25; CORN, @ 15; COTTON, Middling, @ 19; COTTON, @ sack, @ 18; GOLD, @ 110; INDIAN, Spanish, @ 25; IRON, @ 20; IRON TIES, @ 20; LEAD, @ 20; LEATHER, @ 20; MOLASSES, @ 60; NAILS, @ 70; RYE, @ 50; SALT, @ sack, @ 20; SUGAR, @ 20; YARN, Factory, @ 15; YARN, @ bale, @ 15

### LATEST QUOTATIONS OF SOUTHERN SECURITIES, IN CHARLESTON, S. C.

Corrected Weekly for the ENTERPRISE, BY A. C. KAUFMAN, BROKER, No. 25 Broad Street.

MAY 20, 1870.

State Securities—South Carolina, old 88; do, new 80; do, registered, 80

City Securities—Augusta, Ga. Bonds, 79; Charleston, S. C. Stock, @ 100; Charleston, S. C. Fire Loan Bonds, @ 76; Columbia, S. C. Bonds, @ 70; Railroad Bonds—Blue Ridge, (first mortg.) @ 90; Charlotte and Augusta, @ 87; Cheraw and Darlington, @ 83; Greenville and Columbia, (1st mortg) @ 80; do, (State guaranteed) @ 75; Northwestern, past due, with int., @ 80; Northwestern, @ 80; Savannah and Charleston, (1st mortg) @ 80; do, (State guaranteed) @ 75; Spartanburg and Union, @ 73; do, @ 73; Spartanburg and Union, @ 73; do, @ 73

Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Bank of Newberry, @ 100; Bank of Camden, @ 100; Bank of Georgetown, @ 100; Bank of South Carolina, @ 100; Bank of Chester, @ 100; Bank of Hamburg, @ 100; Bank of State of S. C., prior to 1861, @ 100; Bank of State of S. C., issue 1861-62, @ 100; Planters and Mechanics' Bank of Charleston, @ 100; People's Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Southwestern R. R. Bank of Charleston, (old), @ 100; Southwestern R. R. Bank of Charleston, (new), @ 100; State Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Farmers and Exchange Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Exchange Bank of Columbia, @ 100; Commercial Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Merchants' Bank of Charleston, @ 100; Planters' Bank of Fairfield, @ 100; State of South Carolina, 1861 R., @ 100; State of South Carolina, 1861-62, @ 100; City of Charleston Change Bill, @ 100

\*Bills marked thus (\*) are being redeemed at the Bank Counters of each.

### AT AUCTION.

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS AND HARDWARE, ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1ST, AND every day after small sale, at the South-west corner of Court House square, ASHMEYER'S OLD STAND, a lot of Groceries, Dry Goods and Hardware, to close—Consisting in part of DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS, COLLARS, JEWELRY, SPADES, OYSTERS, POISONS, CROCKERY, &c. &c. And by order of the Court, 2 BBL. BROWN SUGAR, 1 BBL. WHITE SUGAR, 1 BOX CANDLES, 1 BBL. RICE, BOXES SOAP. The sale will be positive, and parties can rely on purchasing bargains.

JULIUS C. SMITH, AUCTIONEER.

May 25

### Wheat Threshing.

THE UNDERSIGNED are now prepared to THRASH WHEAT, RYE AND OATS, AT THEIR PAPER MILL, HAVING AN EXCELLENT MACHINERY FOR THE PURPOSE, With despatch and in a manner surpassed by no one, the only TOLL CHARGED will be the MILLAR.

Bring along your grain.

J. BANISTER & SON, Greenville Paper Mill, May 24th, 1870.

May 25

### GREAT REDUCTION IN HIDES.

To the Tanners. WE ARE OFFERING OUR STOCK OF DRY, SALTED AND FISHED HIDES AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Heavy Salted, Dry, 14 cents  
Light Salted, Dry, 14 cents  
Kip Salted, Dry, 18 cents  
Flint Salted, Dry, 22 cents  
Calves Salted, Dry, 21.25 cents

M. GOLDSMITH & SONS, Greenville, S. C.

May 25

### LIFE INSURANCE.

SOUTH CAROLINA GENERAL AGENCY FIDELITY AND ARLINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA, APRIL 23d, 1870.

CAPT. SAM'L D. SHANNON, of Camden, has been appointed SUPERINTENDENT OF AGENCIES for South Carolina and South Georgia, vice Capt. G. O. LAKE, resigned. Parties desiring Agencies, will address him at Augusta, Georgia.

Leapheart, Jefferson & Ransom, General Agents South Carolina. JEFFERSON & RANSON, Gen'l Agents So. Ca. and Georgia.

May 25

### GREENVILLE PAPER MILLS.

J. Bannister & Son, MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF BOOK, NEWS, WRAPPING AND Colored PAPERS. HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR Clean Cotton or Linner BAGS.

May 25

### PRODIGIOUS EXCITEMENT!

IMMENSE Sacrifice of Property. TO SEE IS TO BELIEVE! AT CARR'S OLD STAND. HAVING OPENED THE LARGEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, SHIRTS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, And a great many articles too numerous to mention, all Purchased at the TUMBLING DOWN PRICES FOR CASH. We intend to let them slide at such astonishingly LOW FIGURES As to astound the NATURES. Times are Hard, Money Scarce, and the PEOPLE POOR, And we intend to BELIEVE their HEAVY BURDENS By offering GOODS TO GREAT BARGAINS. As now is the time to Secure the GREATEST BARGAINS. Near Offered in this country. H. C. MARK. Particular attention paid, and Liberal Discounts allowed to Wholesale Buyers. Greenville, S. C. 17th May, 1870.

May 25